

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 14.920 (3) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 5.3976 (11) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 15.636 (3) \text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 105.87 (3)^\circ$
 $V = 1211.2 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 293 \text{ K}$
 $0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$

***N'*-(4-Methylbenzylidene)thiophene-2-carbohydrazide**

Yu-Feng Li^a and Fang-Fang Jian^{b*}

^aMicroscale Science Institute, Department of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Weifang University, Weifang 261061, People's Republic of China, and ^bMicroscale Science Institute, Weifang University, Weifang 261061, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: liyufeng8111@163.com

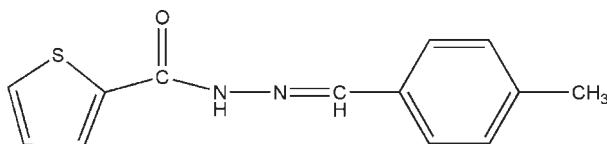
Received 13 May 2010; accepted 15 May 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293 \text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005 \text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.080; wR factor = 0.275; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.5.

In the title compound, $C_{13}H_{12}N_2OS$, the dihedral angle between the aromatic rings is $14.84 (17)^\circ$. In the crystal, inversion dimers linked by pairs of $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds generate $R_2^2(8)$ loops.

Related literature

For a related structure, see: Li & Jian (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{12}N_2OS$

$M_r = 244.31$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD
diffractometer
10416 measured reflections

2697 independent reflections
1759 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.051$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.080$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.275$
 $S = 1.08$
2697 reflections

154 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.73 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.47 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N}2-\text{H}2\text{A}\cdots\text{O}1^i$	0.86	2.07	2.919 (4)	170

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5447).

References

- Bruker (1997). *SMART* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Li, Y.-F. & Jian, F.-F. (2010). *Acta Cryst. E66*, o1397.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A64*, 112–122.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o1398 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810017976]

N¹-(4-Methylbenzylidene)thiophene-2-carbohydrazide

Y.-F. Li and F.-F. Jian

Experimental

A mixture of thiophene-2-carbohydrazide (0.10 mol) and 4-methylbenzaldehyde (0.10 mol) was stirred in refluxing ethanol (10 ml) for 4 h to afford the title compound (0.079 mol, yield 79%). Colourless blocks of (I) were obtained by recrystallization from ethanol at room temperature.

Refinement

H atoms were fixed geometrically and allowed to ride on their attached atoms, with C—H distances = 0.93–0.97 Å; N—H = 0.86 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$ or $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{methyl}})$.

Figures

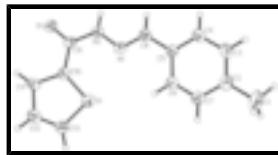


Fig. 1. The structure of (I) showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

N¹-(4-Methylbenzylidene)thiophene-2-carbohydrazide

Crystal data

C ₁₃ H ₁₂ N ₂ OS	$F(000) = 512$
$M_r = 244.31$	$D_x = 1.340 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 1759 reflections
$a = 14.920 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 27.5\text{--}3.4^\circ$
$b = 5.3976 (11) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 15.636 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 105.87 (3)^\circ$	Block, colorless
$V = 1211.2 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer	1759 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.051$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.4^\circ$

supplementary materials

phi and ω scans	$h = -19 \rightarrow 19$
10416 measured reflections	$k = -6 \rightarrow 6$
2697 independent reflections	$l = -20 \rightarrow 20$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.080$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.275$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.08$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1685P)^2 + 0.1567P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2697 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
154 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.73 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.47 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.20737 (7)	0.6743 (2)	0.48624 (6)	0.0649 (4)
N1	0.17714 (18)	0.2992 (5)	0.59639 (17)	0.0481 (7)
N2	0.09655 (17)	0.2160 (6)	0.53950 (16)	0.0507 (7)
H2A	0.0658	0.1007	0.5569	0.061*
O1	-0.00815 (15)	0.2169 (5)	0.40660 (15)	0.0576 (7)
C9	0.0635 (2)	0.3089 (6)	0.4567 (2)	0.0461 (7)
C8	0.2059 (2)	0.1867 (6)	0.6707 (2)	0.0506 (8)
H8A	0.1713	0.0564	0.6841	0.061*
C5	0.2924 (2)	0.2600 (6)	0.7348 (2)	0.0476 (7)
C10	0.11121 (19)	0.5146 (6)	0.42646 (19)	0.0460 (7)
C2	0.4649 (2)	0.3822 (8)	0.8565 (2)	0.0573 (9)
C12	0.1361 (2)	0.8109 (7)	0.3262 (2)	0.0607 (10)
H12A	0.1276	0.9021	0.2741	0.073*
C7	0.4251 (2)	0.5308 (8)	0.7826 (2)	0.0636 (10)
H7A	0.4562	0.6732	0.7732	0.076*

C11	0.0757 (2)	0.6016 (6)	0.3332 (2)	0.0506 (8)
H11A	0.0261	0.5375	0.2889	0.061*
C3	0.4150 (3)	0.1770 (7)	0.8695 (2)	0.0665 (10)
H3A	0.4388	0.0766	0.9188	0.080*
C6	0.3420 (3)	0.4727 (8)	0.7240 (2)	0.0598 (9)
H6A	0.3176	0.5765	0.6758	0.072*
C4	0.3296 (3)	0.1174 (8)	0.8101 (2)	0.0631 (10)
H4A	0.2969	-0.0203	0.8211	0.076*
C13	0.2054 (2)	0.8631 (7)	0.4008 (2)	0.0582 (9)
H13A	0.2477	0.9916	0.4041	0.070*
C1	0.5603 (3)	0.4412 (11)	0.9168 (2)	0.0842 (14)
H1B	0.5764	0.3217	0.9640	0.126*
H1C	0.5598	0.6038	0.9415	0.126*
H1D	0.6054	0.4355	0.8833	0.126*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0703 (7)	0.0624 (8)	0.0608 (6)	-0.0180 (4)	0.0157 (5)	-0.0037 (4)
N1	0.0482 (14)	0.0436 (16)	0.0523 (14)	-0.0058 (11)	0.0134 (11)	-0.0062 (12)
N2	0.0476 (14)	0.0518 (18)	0.0515 (15)	-0.0119 (12)	0.0119 (11)	-0.0025 (12)
O1	0.0464 (12)	0.0575 (16)	0.0636 (14)	-0.0100 (10)	0.0059 (10)	-0.0006 (12)
C9	0.0418 (15)	0.0428 (19)	0.0553 (18)	-0.0020 (12)	0.0160 (13)	-0.0049 (13)
C8	0.0563 (18)	0.049 (2)	0.0486 (17)	-0.0078 (14)	0.0182 (13)	-0.0002 (14)
C5	0.0579 (18)	0.0424 (19)	0.0443 (15)	-0.0017 (14)	0.0170 (13)	-0.0032 (13)
C10	0.0402 (15)	0.0450 (19)	0.0521 (16)	0.0006 (12)	0.0114 (12)	-0.0028 (13)
C2	0.0542 (18)	0.071 (3)	0.0485 (17)	0.0056 (16)	0.0169 (14)	-0.0091 (16)
C12	0.0487 (18)	0.067 (3)	0.067 (2)	0.0068 (15)	0.0157 (15)	0.0172 (18)
C7	0.063 (2)	0.070 (3)	0.0566 (19)	-0.0181 (18)	0.0147 (15)	-0.0001 (18)
C11	0.0444 (16)	0.048 (2)	0.0649 (19)	0.0041 (13)	0.0249 (14)	0.0159 (15)
C3	0.077 (2)	0.063 (3)	0.052 (2)	0.0041 (19)	0.0038 (16)	0.0088 (17)
C6	0.069 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.0504 (17)	-0.0126 (17)	0.0085 (15)	0.0067 (16)
C4	0.078 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.057 (2)	-0.0079 (18)	0.0159 (17)	0.0089 (16)
C13	0.062 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.065 (2)	-0.0056 (15)	0.0150 (16)	0.0037 (16)
C1	0.058 (2)	0.131 (5)	0.059 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.0076 (17)	-0.013 (3)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

S1—C13	1.673 (3)	C2—C1	1.511 (5)
S1—C10	1.715 (3)	C12—C13	1.360 (5)
N1—C8	1.277 (4)	C12—C11	1.468 (5)
N1—N2	1.362 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9300
N2—C9	1.350 (4)	C7—C6	1.362 (5)
N2—H2A	0.8600	C7—H7A	0.9300
O1—C9	1.242 (4)	C11—H11A	0.9300
C9—C10	1.465 (4)	C3—C4	1.394 (5)
C8—C5	1.455 (4)	C3—H3A	0.9300
C8—H8A	0.9300	C6—H6A	0.9300
C5—C4	1.389 (5)	C4—H4A	0.9300

supplementary materials

C5—C6	1.400 (5)	C13—H13A	0.9300
C10—C11	1.486 (4)	C1—H1B	0.9600
C2—C3	1.380 (5)	C1—H1C	0.9600
C2—C7	1.399 (5)	C1—H1D	0.9600
C13—S1—C10	92.39 (16)	C6—C7—H7A	119.1
C8—N1—N2	117.1 (3)	C2—C7—H7A	119.1
C9—N2—N1	122.0 (3)	C12—C11—C10	104.7 (3)
C9—N2—H2A	119.0	C12—C11—H11A	127.6
N1—N2—H2A	119.0	C10—C11—H11A	127.6
O1—C9—N2	118.8 (3)	C2—C3—C4	121.3 (3)
O1—C9—C10	120.7 (3)	C2—C3—H3A	119.4
N2—C9—C10	120.5 (3)	C4—C3—H3A	119.4
N1—C8—C5	120.8 (3)	C7—C6—C5	121.5 (3)
N1—C8—H8A	119.6	C7—C6—H6A	119.3
C5—C8—H8A	119.6	C5—C6—H6A	119.3
C4—C5—C6	117.0 (3)	C5—C4—C3	121.2 (4)
C4—C5—C8	120.4 (3)	C5—C4—H4A	119.4
C6—C5—C8	122.6 (3)	C3—C4—H4A	119.4
C9—C10—C11	118.8 (3)	C12—C13—S1	113.7 (3)
C9—C10—S1	127.8 (2)	C12—C13—H13A	123.1
C11—C10—S1	113.4 (2)	S1—C13—H13A	123.1
C3—C2—C7	117.2 (3)	C2—C1—H1B	109.5
C3—C2—C1	122.1 (4)	C2—C1—H1C	109.5
C7—C2—C1	120.6 (4)	H1B—C1—H1C	109.5
C13—C12—C11	115.7 (3)	C2—C1—H1D	109.5
C13—C12—H12A	122.1	H1B—C1—H1D	109.5
C11—C12—H12A	122.1	H1C—C1—H1D	109.5
C6—C7—C2	121.8 (4)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
N2—H2A…O1 ⁱ	0.86	2.07	2.919 (4)	170

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z+1$.

Fig. 1

